



NET TRELLIS

Technical guide

Crop with Trellis

- » Better performance
- » Easier to spray, fertilize and prune
- » Good aeration (less disease)
- » Less wind damage



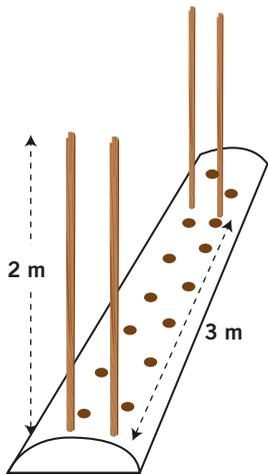
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- » Avoid root damage, install trellis before sowing or transplanting
- » Trellis should be strong and tall enough for growth habit of the plant

Net Trellis

Tomato, Cucumber and Yard Long Bean

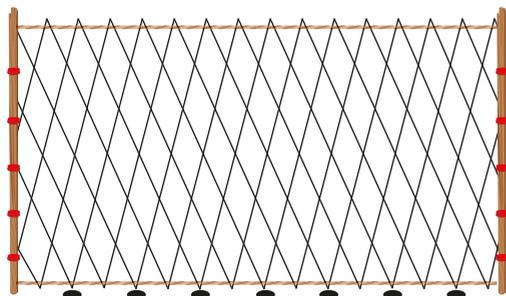


- » Prepare poles (2.5 m)
- » Push 0.5 m in the soil



Prepare the net:

- » Place the strings through hoops in top and bottom
- » Attached a string at top & bottom of pole
- » Pull tight



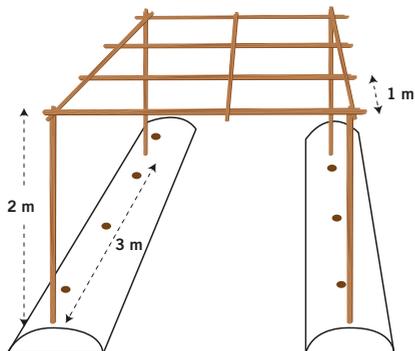
Pull the net between the poles:

- » Tie net along poles
- » Install net close to plant
- » Pull net tight



Net Trellis

Bitter gourd, Ridge gourd, Snake gourd, Bottle gourd, etc



Place poles and bamboo to create frame:

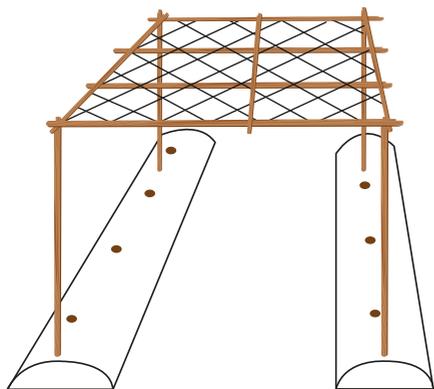
- » Add thin bamboo for each transplant to climb
- » Prepare net
- » Place string through hoops in top and bottom of net



Place the strings in each side of the frame.

Do not pull the strings tight yet:

- » Pull net
- » Adjust the strings, pull tight
- » Tie the net to bamboo

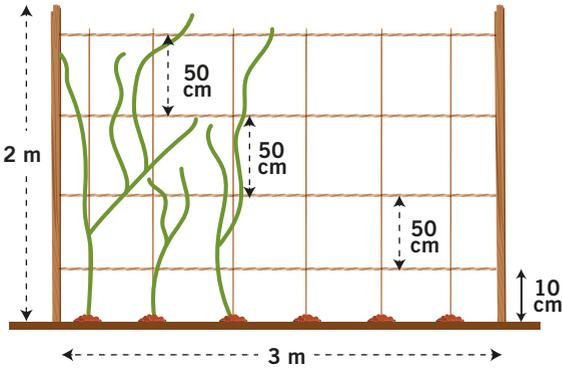


After harvest, uproot or cut base of plants. Remove net and plants together. Once plant debris is dry, clean net. Trellis nets can be re-used for several crop cycles.

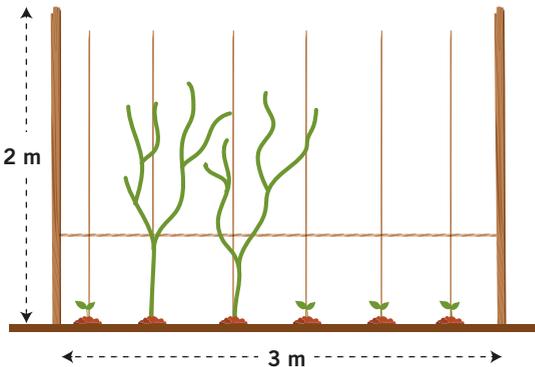
Other Trellis

If net is not available use other materials: strings, wire, bamboos.

For gourds, the system is the same, using more materials to cover the frame like a net



Tomato, Eggplant and Hot pepper



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